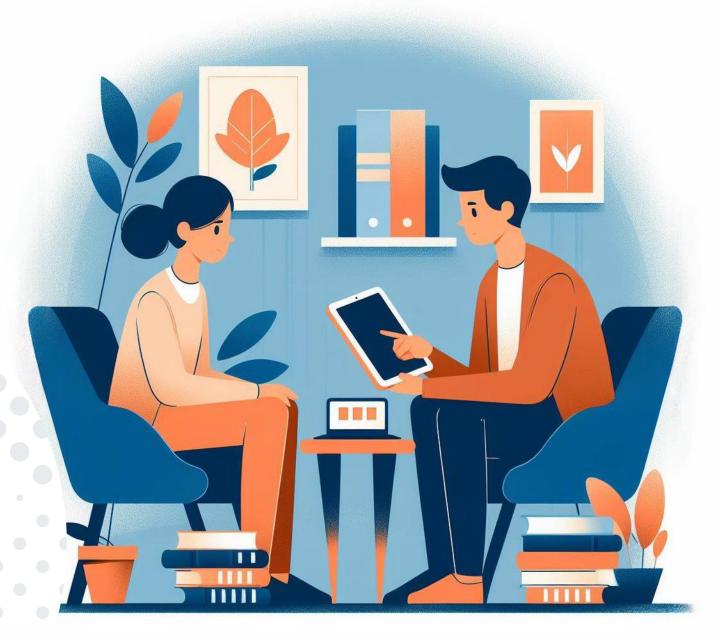




Attitudes and expectations towards (digital) mental health support in a general population



Context



- Self-help was mostly supported by books, digital interventions are gradually taking over
- Increased implementation of blended therapy
- Evidence regarding digital mental health is promising (e.g. costs, effectiveness)
- However, attitudes and expectations towards technology can facilitate or hinder the uptake

Methods

An update of the work of Musiat et al. (2014) on the expectations towards different mental health treatment options

- 1. Importance of 12 different evaluation dimensions when looking for help
- 2. The extent to which the criteria are met by different treatment options
 - Self-help books
 - Face-to-face counselling
 - Blended counselling
 - Digital interventions
- 3. Comparison of the likelihood of use between treatment options

 Demographic variables, current or previous mental health problems and experience with the treatment options

Importance of dimensions

232 participants (106 general & 126 student population)

	12 dimensions	Importance (M)
1	Helps with the problem	6.43
2	Includes personal support	6.24
3	Motivates to get better	6.20
4	Is credible	6.12
5	Is accessible without waiting	5.87
6	Is accessible at an appropriate time	5.84
7	Provides feedback	5.61
8	Is accessible at a convenient location	5.53
9	Connects to my own learning	5.47
10	Can be consulted anonymously	5.15
11	Is attractive/appeals to me	5.11
12	Is free of charge	4.53

Expectations for treatment options

Attitudes across modalities: $20.48 \le \chi^2 s(3) \le 456.27$ ps <. 001

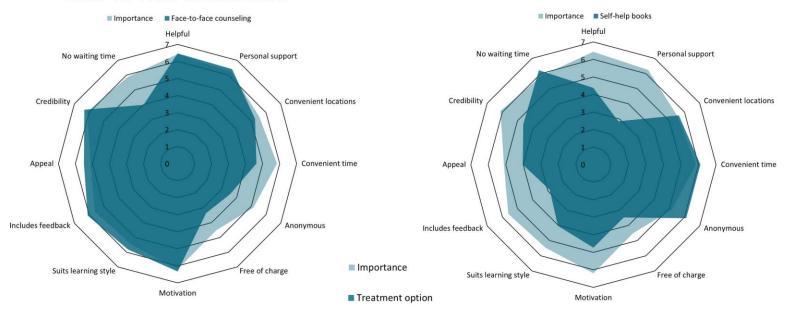
- Face-to-face therapy & self-help books generally showed opposite patterns in terms of favorable dimensions
- Blended therapy took preference over digital interventions most of the time, except for convenient location and time, as well as associated costs.

DO TREATMENT MODALITIES MEET USER NEEDS?

Rating importance and expectations on 12 evaluation dimensions for mental health support

FACE-TO-FACE COUNSELING

SELF-HELP BOOKS

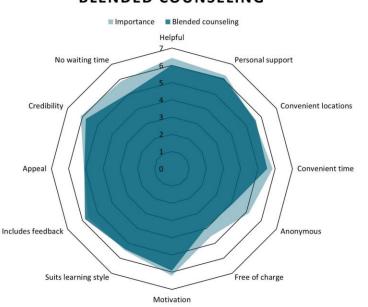


DIGITAL INTERVENTIONS

No waiting time Free of charge Importance Digital interventions Helpful Convenient locations Appeal Anonymous Free of charge

Motivation

BLENDED COUNSELING

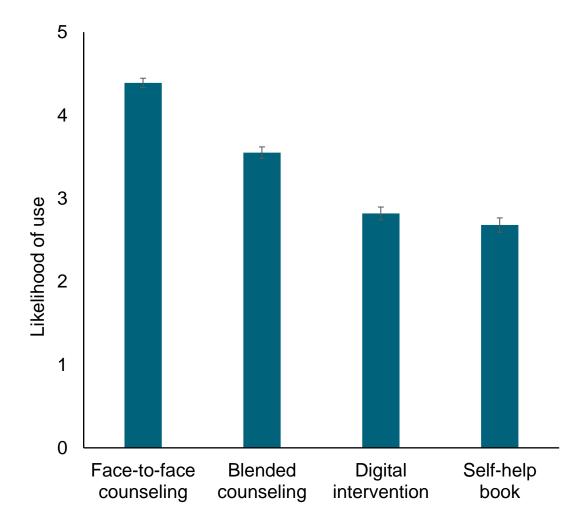


Likelihood of use

 Significant difference between treatment options

$$\chi^2(3)$$
 <239.55, p <.001

- Face-to-face couselling
- 2. Blended counseling
- 3. Digital intervention Self-help book



Conclusion

- Participants show positive attitudes towards the digital mental health treatments, even more than in the 2014 study
- Although, they still prefer face-to-face counseling
- Important for implementation:
 Be mindful of patient acceptance
- Questions?



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